

# Getting Started with Python

## Time Series Project

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**Date:** 26/3/2022

## Resources

1. ##### [Clean Dataset](#)
2. ##### [Submission Portal](#)

If you are having problems please refer to this document:

1. ##### [Time Series Notebook](#)

## Instructions

Import all the libraries listed in the first cell. Make sure all modules are installed.

Use the provided data set to answer the following:

1. a) What is the lowest price for Safaricom (*SCOM*) b) What was the date when Safaricom had the lowest price?
2. a) What is the highest price Safaricom stock reached in the data b) What was the date when Safaricom stock recorded the highest price?
3. Create a line plot for Safaricom stock and verify if the information provided above is indeed correct.
4. Select **one** of the sectors provided (agric, comm, bank, const, energy, insur, invest, manu)
  - a) Use **pandas** to create a subset containing all the rows of the dataframe and only companies in your selected sector. Rename this dataframe to the **sector\_name\_df**
  - b) Using the subset for the sector, use **matplotlib** subplot to create subplots to fit all the sector stocks in one plot. One row can have a maximum of 3 charts.
  - c) Using your sector DataFrame use the `corr()` DataFrame method to come up with a correlogram. Create a DataFrame for these correlations
  - d) Use **Seaborn** to plot the **correlation plot** for your sector stocks.

### Key performance Metrics:

- Go an extra step to produce charts that are visually appealing
- Ensure all the plots have a Title

- Ensure all plots have x labels and y labels where applicable
- Your plots should be clearly visible. Change the size of your plot to a comfortable width and height.
- Save all your plots

```
In [1]: import os
import numpy as np
import pandas as pd
from matplotlib import pyplot as plt
import seaborn as sns
```

Ensure that you have the ***clean\_stock\_prices.csv*** file in your working directory

```
In [4]: os.listdir()
```

```
Out[4]: ['.ipynb_checkpoints',
'.png',
'cleaned_stock.csv',
'clean_stock_data.csv',
'clean_stock_prices.csv',
'desktop.ini',
'KENNEDY-CV.doc',
'microsoft.microsoftskydrive_8wekyb3d8bbwe!App',
'new_daily_prices.csv',
'project-time-series-workbook.ipynb',
'R-4.1.3-win.exe',
'receipt.pdf',
'RStudio-2022.02.0-443.exe',
'student_copy_pandas_workbook.ipynb',
'student_workbook_stocks-Copy1.ipynb',
'student_workbook_stocks.ipynb',
'student_workbook_stocks.py',
'Telegram Desktop',
'top-5-regions.png',
'Untitled.ipynb',
'Untitled1.ipynb',
'Untitled2.ipynb',
'vehicle_data (1).csv',
'vehicle_data (2).csv',
'vehicle_data (3).csv',
'vehicle_data (4).csv',
'vehicle_data (5).csv',
'vehicle_data (6).csv',
'vehicle_data (7).csv',
'vehicle_data.csv',
'vehicle_dataset_project.ipynb',
'vehicle_dataset_project.pdf',
'vehicle_dataset_project.zip']
```

If you can see the ***clean\_stock\_prices.csv*** as an output in the above cell, read the data into a DataFrame using pandas

```
In [2]: # read in the necessary file ('clean_stock_prices.csv')
df = pd.read_csv('clean_stock_prices.csv', index_col=0)
df.head()
```

```
Out[2]:
```

	EGAD	KUKZ	LIMIT	SASN	WTK	CGEN	ABSA	BKG	DTK	EQTY	...	BAT	CARB	EABL	EVRD	FT
<b>Date</b>																
<b>2022-01-13</b>	12.90	385.0	320.0	22.20	130.00	54.00	11.80	30.00	59.00	49.55	...	440.0	10.80	151.50	0.96	

<b>2022-01-11</b>	13.80	385.0	320.0	20.55	134.75	44.75	11.90	30.75	59.50	52.00	...	445.0	10.85	161.00	0.88
<b>2022-01-07</b>	13.80	420.0	320.0	21.25	132.00	37.05	11.80	29.05	60.00	53.00	...	442.0	10.90	164.75	0.94
<b>2022-01-06</b>	13.80	420.0	320.0	20.25	130.75	33.70	11.80	29.30	60.00	53.00	...	442.0	10.90	160.75	0.99
<b>2022-01-05</b>	12.85	420.0	320.0	19.95	130.75	30.60	11.75	29.50	59.75	53.00	...	442.0	10.90	163.75	0.99

5 rows × 60 columns

In [47]: `df.tail()`

	<b>EGAD</b>	<b>KUKZ</b>	<b>LIMIT</b>	<b>SASN</b>	<b>WTK</b>	<b>CGEN</b>	<b>ABSA</b>	<b>BKG</b>	<b>DTK</b>	<b>EQTY</b>	<b>...</b>	<b>BAT</b>	<b>CARB</b>	<b>EABL</b>	<b>EVRD</b>	<b>FT</b>
<b>Date</b>																
<b>2021-08-09</b>	12.15	415.0	300.00	19.50	134.5	35.0	9.80	32.40	65.75	50.25	...	445.5	12.25	179.25	0.96	
<b>2021-08-06</b>	12.15	415.0	300.00	20.00	134.5	35.0	9.80	32.40	65.75	50.00	...	454.0	12.25	179.00	0.98	
<b>2021-08-05</b>	12.30	415.0	320.00	20.00	134.5	35.0	9.82	31.85	65.00	49.40	...	450.0	12.20	178.50	0.98	
<b>2021-08-04</b>	12.00	415.0	320.00	19.95	135.0	35.0	9.76	29.75	64.00	49.10	...	455.0	12.00	179.75	0.98	
<b>2021-08-03</b>	11.80	415.0	304.75	19.95	134.5	35.0	9.82	29.50	65.00	49.00	...	450.0	12.00	180.00	0.98	

5 rows × 60 columns

## Use this part to answer questions 1, 2 and 3

In [3]: `# lowest price for Safaricom`  
`df['SCOM'].min()`

Out[3]: 36.5

In [4]: `# highest price for Safaricom`  
`df['SCOM'].max()`

Out[4]: 44.95

In [5]: `# Plot SCOM to confirm above observations`  
`df['SCOM']`

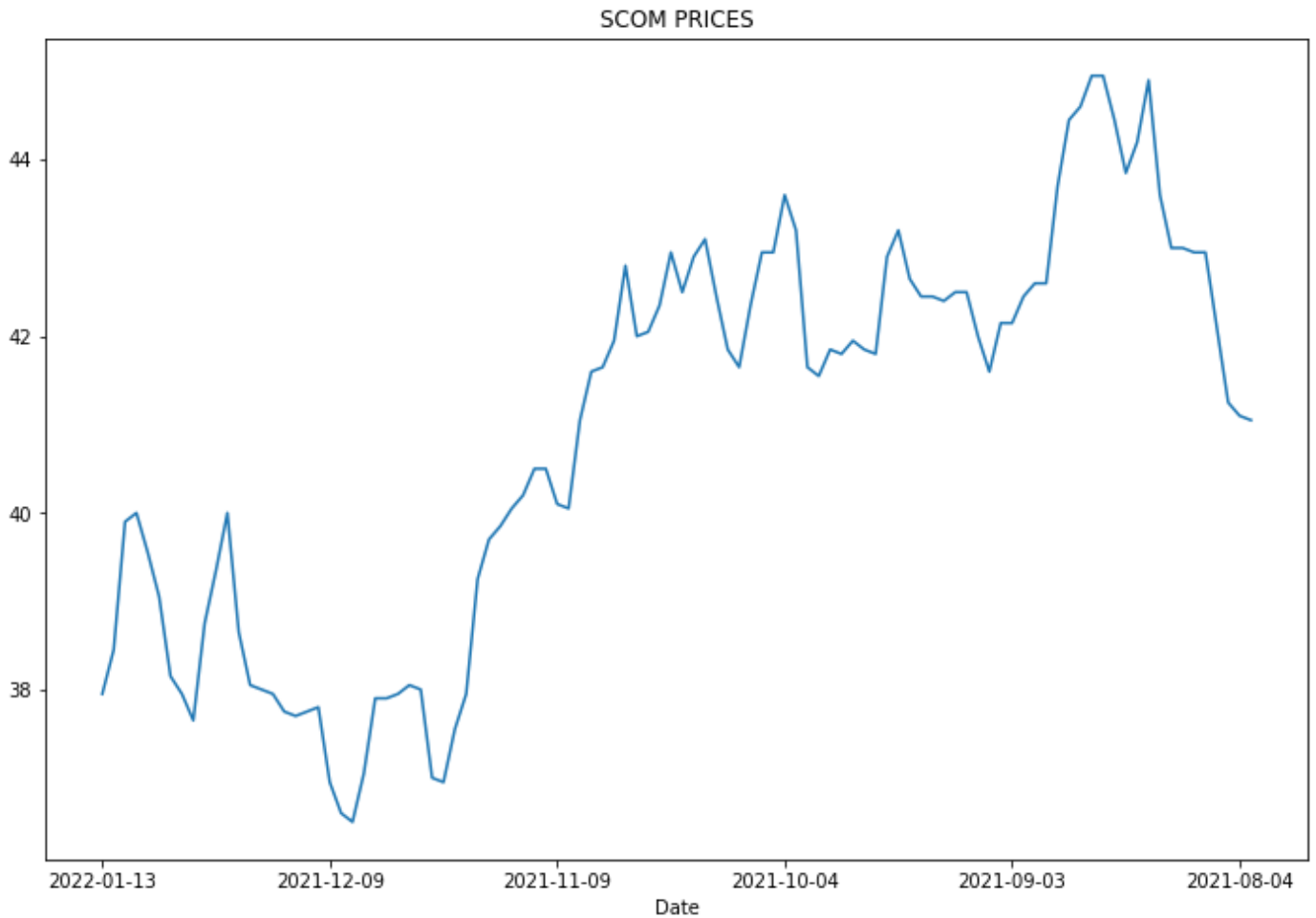
Out[5]:

Date	
2022-01-13	37.95
2022-01-11	38.45
2022-01-07	39.90
2022-01-06	40.00
2022-01-05	39.55
	...
2021-08-09	42.95
2021-08-06	42.10
2021-08-05	41.25

2021-08-04 41.10  
2021-08-03 41.05  
Name: SCOM, Length: 102, dtype: float64

```
In [6]: plt.figure(figsize=(12,8))  
plt.title('SCOM PRICES')  
df['SCOM'].plot()
```

```
Out[6]: <AxesSubplot:title={'center':'SCOM PRICES'}, xlabel='Date'>
```



## Use this part to answer question 4

```
In [70]: # agricultural companies  
agric = ['EGAD', 'KUKZ', 'LIMT', 'SASN', 'WTK']  
  
# commercial companies  
comm = ['XPRS', 'KQ', 'LKL', 'NBV', 'NMG', 'SMER', 'SCAN', 'SGL', 'TPSE', 'UCHM']  
  
# banking companies  
bank = ['ABSA', 'BKG', 'DTK', 'EQTY', 'HFCK', 'IMH', 'KCB', 'NBK', 'NCBA', 'SBIC', 'SCBK', 'COOP']  
  
# construction sector  
const = ['ARM', 'BAMB', 'CRWN', 'CABL', 'PORT']  
  
# energy sector  
energy = ['KEGN', 'KPLC', 'TOTL', 'UMME']  
  
# insurance sector  
insur = ['BRIT', 'CIC', 'JUB', 'KNRE', 'LBTY', 'SLAM']  
  
# investement sector  
invest = ['CTUM', 'HAFR', 'KURV', 'OCH', 'TCL', 'NSE']
```

```
# manufacturing sector
```

```
manu = ['BOC', 'BAT', 'CARB', 'EABL', 'EVRD', 'FTGH', 'ORCH', 'MSC', 'UNGA']
```

To subset a sector simply use the **slice** notation. For example if I choose the Insurance sector, i will use the **insur** list

```
In [9]: insur_df = df.loc[:, 'BRIT': 'SLAM'].copy()  
insur_df.head()
```

```
Out[9]:
```

	BRIT	CIC	JUB	KNRE	LBTY	SLAM
--	------	-----	-----	------	------	------

Date

2022-01-13	7.26	2.17	310.00	2.27	7.00	10.50
------------	------	------	--------	------	------	-------

2022-01-11	7.14	2.17	310.00	2.32	7.00	10.60
------------	------	------	--------	------	------	-------

2022-01-07	7.52	2.13	310.00	2.30	7.04	11.55
------------	------	------	--------	------	------	-------

2022-01-06	7.52	2.15	310.50	2.29	7.04	11.55
------------	------	------	--------	------	------	-------

2022-01-05	7.50	2.10	316.75	2.30	7.04	11.55
------------	------	------	--------	------	------	-------

```
In [10]: invest_df = df.loc[:, 'CTUM': 'NSE'].copy()  
invest_df.head()
```

```
Out[10]:
```

	CTUM	HAFR	KURV	OCH	TCL	NSE
--	------	------	------	-----	-----	-----

Date

2022-01-13	14.65	0.38	1500.0	1.80	1.36	8.36
------------	-------	------	--------	------	------	------

2022-01-11	14.35	0.40	1500.0	1.84	1.36	8.26
------------	-------	------	--------	------	------	------

2022-01-07	14.40	0.40	1500.0	1.88	1.36	8.16
------------	-------	------	--------	------	------	------

2022-01-06	14.50	0.38	1500.0	1.97	1.32	8.20
------------	-------	------	--------	------	------	------

2022-01-05	14.60	0.39	1500.0	1.97	1.29	8.12
------------	-------	------	--------	------	------	------

```
In [12]: sector_name_df = df.loc[:, 'CTUM': 'NSE'].copy()  
sector_name_df
```

```
Out[12]:
```

	CTUM	HAFR	KURV	OCH	TCL	NSE
--	------	------	------	-----	-----	-----

Date

2022-01-13	14.65	0.38	1500.0	1.80	1.36	8.36
------------	-------	------	--------	------	------	------

2022-01-11	14.35	0.40	1500.0	1.84	1.36	8.26
------------	-------	------	--------	------	------	------

2022-01-07	14.40	0.40	1500.0	1.88	1.36	8.16
------------	-------	------	--------	------	------	------

2022-01-06	14.50	0.38	1500.0	1.97	1.32	8.20
------------	-------	------	--------	------	------	------

2022-01-05	14.60	0.39	1500.0	1.97	1.29	8.12
------------	-------	------	--------	------	------	------

...	...	...	...	...	...	...
-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----

2021-08-09	15.75	0.41	1500.0	2.20	1.36	9.10
------------	-------	------	--------	------	------	------

2021-08-06	15.55	0.41	1500.0	2.18	1.31	8.48
------------	-------	------	--------	------	------	------

2021-08-05	15.65	0.40	1500.0	2.18	1.28	8.52
------------	-------	------	--------	------	------	------

2021-08-04	15.65	0.41	1500.0	2.19	1.35	8.62
------------	-------	------	--------	------	------	------

102 rows × 6 columns

In [16]: `sector_name_df.columns`Out[16]: `Index(['CTUM', 'HAFR', 'KURV', 'OCH', 'TCL', 'NSE'], dtype='object')`In [17]: 

```
sector_cols = sector_name_df.columns
for sector in sector_cols:
    print(sector)
```

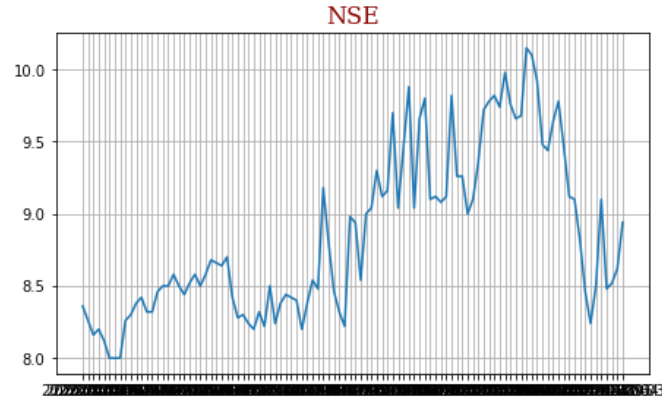
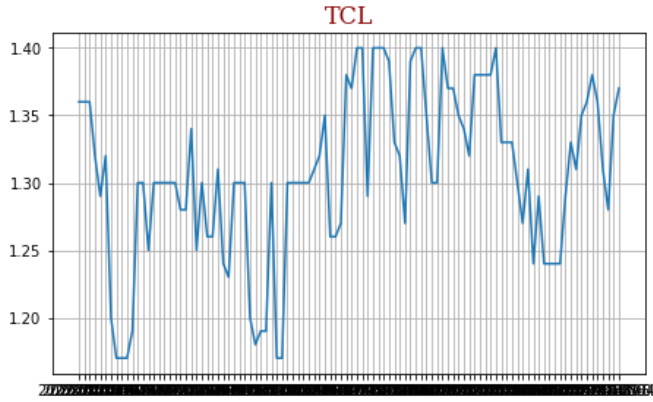
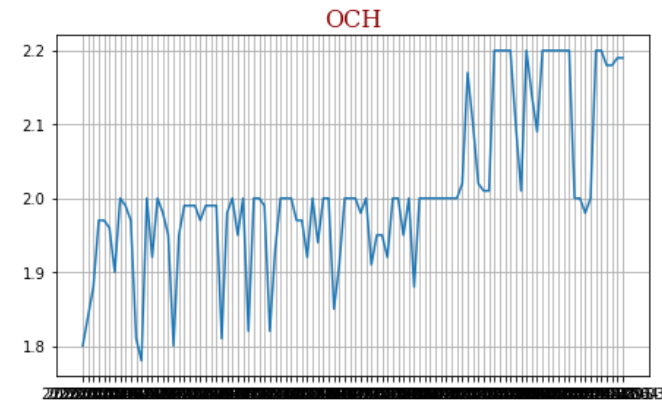
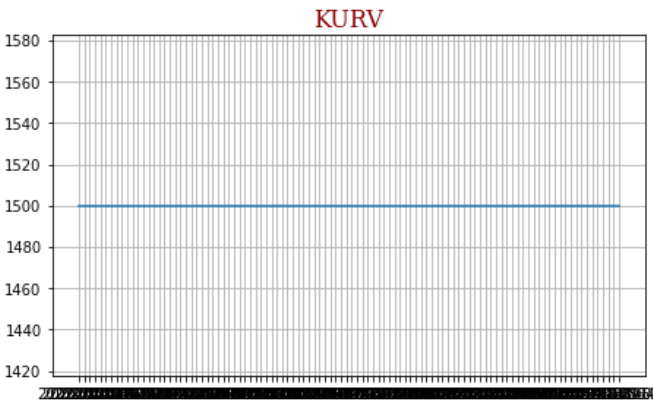
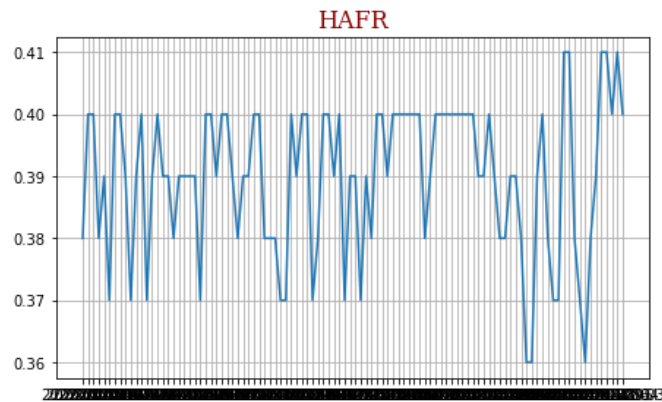
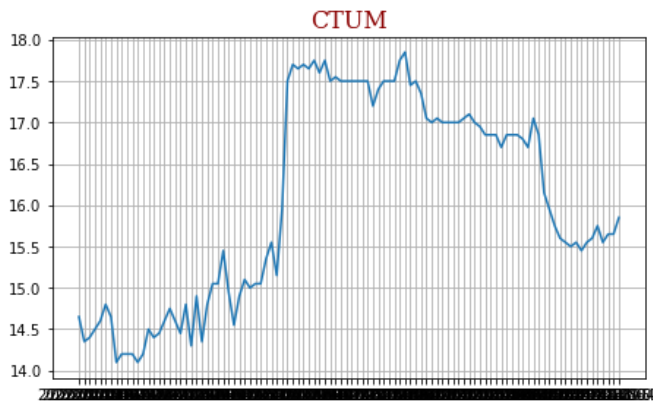
```
CTUM
HAFR
KURV
OCH
TCL
NSE
```

In [25]: `sector_cols = sector_name_df.columns`

```
font = {'family': 'serif',
        'color': 'darkred',
        'weight': 'normal',
        'size': 16,
        }

for idx, sector in enumerate(sector_cols, start=1):
    plt.subplot(6, 2, idx)
    plt.title(sector, fontdict=font)
    plt.grid()
    plt.plot(sector, data=df)

fig = plt.gcf()
fig.set_size_inches(16, 30)
plt.show()
```



```
In [26]: sector_name_df.corr(method='pearson')
```

```
Out[26]:
```

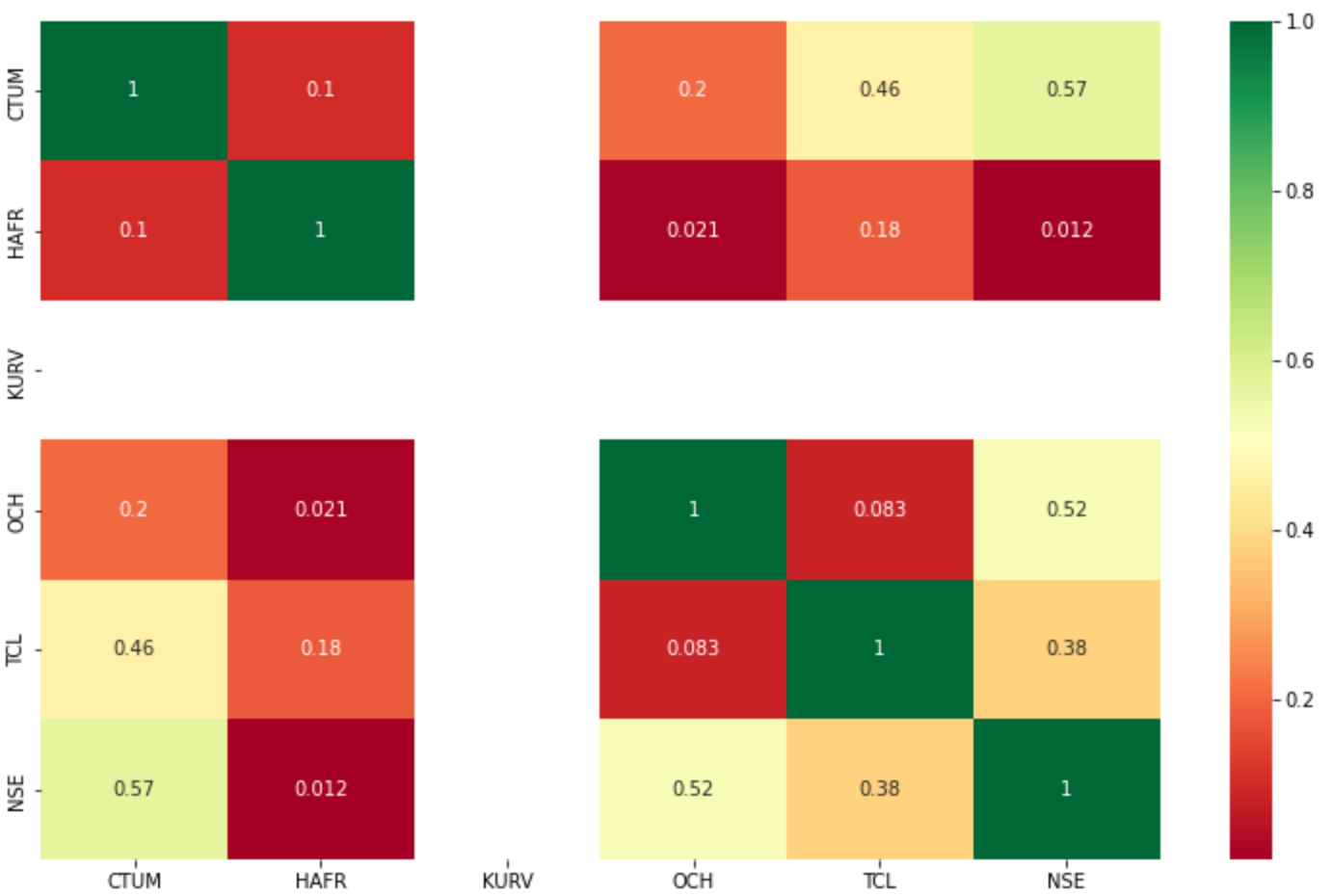
	CTUM	HAFR	KURV	OCH	TCL	NSE
CTUM	1.000000	0.102660	NaN	0.201916	0.461223	0.568061
HAFR	0.102660	1.000000	NaN	0.021208	0.181057	0.011877
KURV	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN
OCH	0.201916	0.021208	NaN	1.000000	0.083212	0.524421
TCL	0.461223	0.181057	NaN	0.083212	1.000000	0.381206
NSE	0.568061	0.011877	NaN	0.524421	0.381206	1.000000

```
In [27]: corr_df = sector_name_df.corr(method="pearson")
```

```
In [28]: import seaborn as sns
```

```
In [29]: plt.figure(figsize=(13, 8))
sns.heatmap(corr_df, annot=True, cmap='RdYlGn')
plt.figure()
```

```
Out[29]: <Figure size 432x288 with 0 Axes>
```



<Figure size 432x288 with 0 Axes>

```
In [30]: sector_name_df.head()
```

```
Out[30]:
```

	CTUM	HAFR	KURV	OCH	TCL	NSE
Date						
2022-01-13	14.65	0.38	1500.0	1.80	1.36	8.36
2022-01-11	14.35	0.40	1500.0	1.84	1.36	8.26
2022-01-07	14.40	0.40	1500.0	1.88	1.36	8.16
2022-01-06	14.50	0.38	1500.0	1.97	1.32	8.20
2022-01-05	14.60	0.39	1500.0	1.97	1.29	8.12

```
In [31]: #drop KURV
sector_name_df.drop('KURV', axis="columns")
```

```
Out[31]:
```

	CTUM	HAFR	OCH	TCL	NSE
Date					
2022-01-13	14.65	0.38	1.80	1.36	8.36
2022-01-11	14.35	0.40	1.84	1.36	8.26
2022-01-07	14.40	0.40	1.88	1.36	8.16
2022-01-06	14.50	0.38	1.97	1.32	8.20
2022-01-05	14.60	0.39	1.97	1.29	8.12
...	...	...	...	...	...
2021-08-09	15.75	0.41	2.20	1.36	9.10



```
2021-08-06  15.55  0.41  2.18  1.31  8.48
2021-08-05  15.65  0.40  2.18  1.28  8.52
2021-08-04  15.65  0.41  2.19  1.35  8.62
2021-08-03  15.85  0.40  2.19  1.37  8.94
```

102 rows × 5 columns

```
In [32]: # update the original df
sector_name_df.drop('KURV', axis="columns", inplace=True)
```

```
In [33]: sector_name_df.head()
```

```
Out[33]:
```

	CTUM	HAFR	OCH	TCL	NSE
<b>Date</b>					
2022-01-13	14.65	0.38	1.80	1.36	8.36
2022-01-11	14.35	0.40	1.84	1.36	8.26
2022-01-07	14.40	0.40	1.88	1.36	8.16
2022-01-06	14.50	0.38	1.97	1.32	8.20
2022-01-05	14.60	0.39	1.97	1.29	8.12

```
In [34]: corr_df = sector_name_df.corr(method="pearson")
```

```
In [35]: corr_df.head()
```

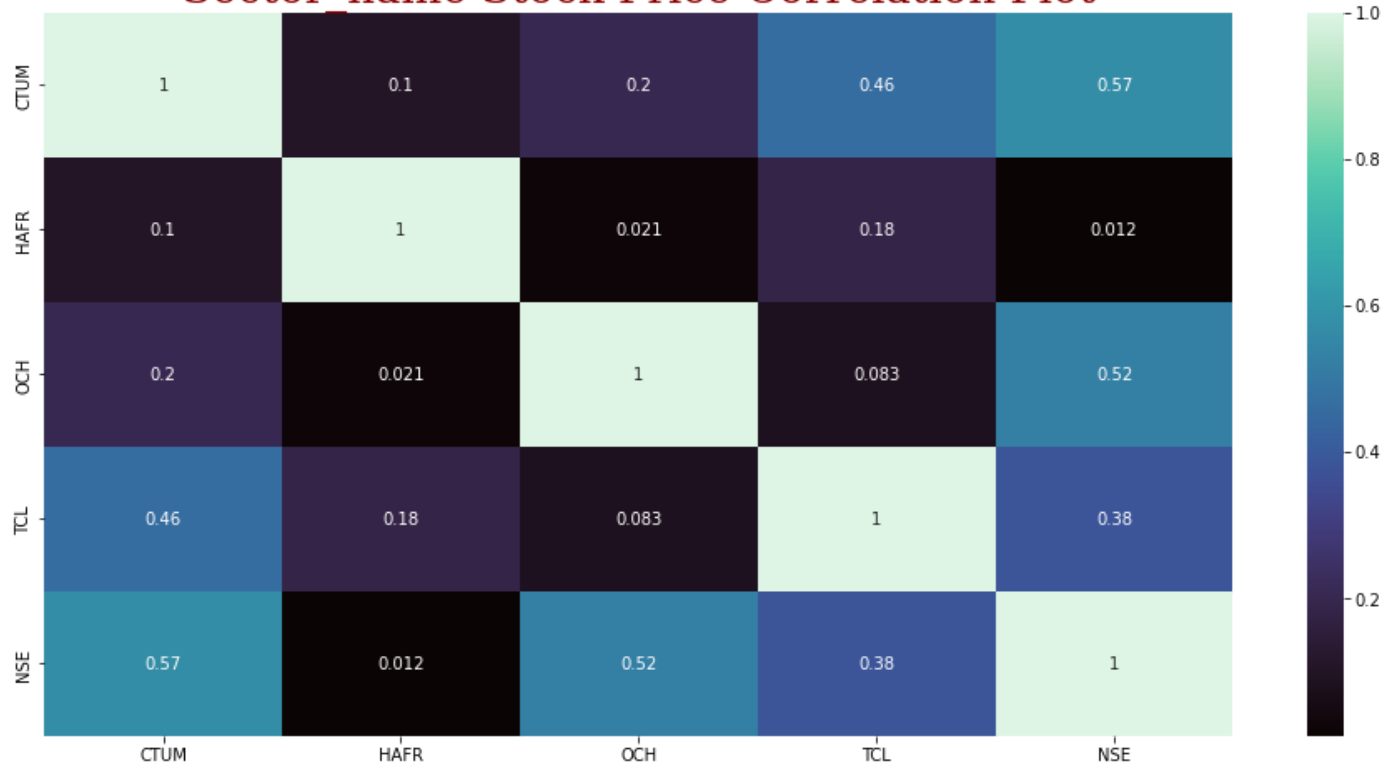
```
Out[35]:
```

	CTUM	HAFR	OCH	TCL	NSE
<b>CTUM</b>	1.000000	0.102660	0.201916	0.461223	0.568061
<b>HAFR</b>	0.102660	1.000000	0.021208	0.181057	0.011877
<b>OCH</b>	0.201916	0.021208	1.000000	0.083212	0.524421
<b>TCL</b>	0.461223	0.181057	0.083212	1.000000	0.381206
<b>NSE</b>	0.568061	0.011877	0.524421	0.381206	1.000000

```
In [49]: # customize text
font = {'family': 'serif',
        'color': 'darkred',
        'weight': 'normal',
        'size': 26,
        }

plt.figure(figsize=(16,8))
plt.title("Sector_name Stock Price Correlation Plot", fontdict=font)
cmap = ["mako", "PiYG", "YlGnBu", "Blues"]
sns.heatmap(corr_df, annot=True, cmap=cmap[np.random.randint(len(cmap))])
plt.figure()
plt.show()
```

## Sector name Stock Price Correlation Plot



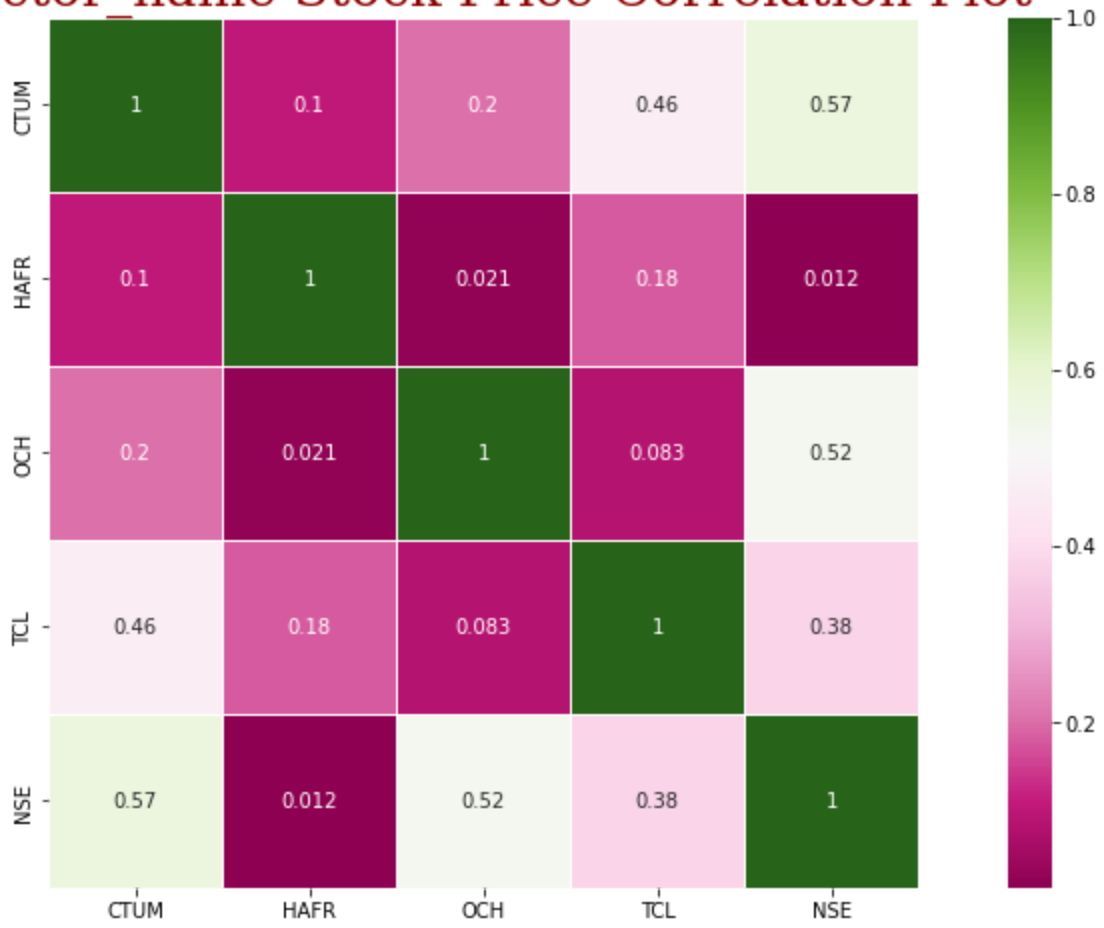
<Figure size 432x288 with 0 Axes>

In [45]:

```
# customize text
font = {'family': 'serif',
        'color': 'darkred',
        'weight': 'normal',
        'size': 26,
        }

plt.figure(figsize=(16,8))
plt.title("Sector_name Stock Price Correlation Plot", fontdict=font)
cmap = ["mako", "PiYG", "YlGnBu", "Blues"]
sns.heatmap(corr_df, annot=True, cmap=cmap[np.random.randint(len(cmap))], linewidth=1, li
plt.figure()
plt.show()
```

# Sector\_name Stock Price Correlation Plot



<Figure size 432x288 with 0 Axes>